## FIRE SAFETY \*\*\* IN THE WINTER











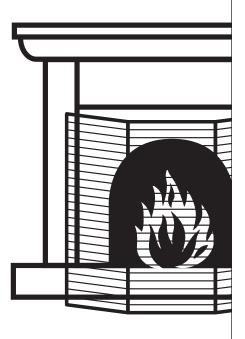


#### **Heating your home**

#### **Open fires**

- Be careful when using open fires to keep warm. Make sure you always use a fire guard to protect against flying sparks from hot embers.
- Make sure embers are under control and properly put out before you go to bed.
- Keep chimneys and flues clean and well maintained.



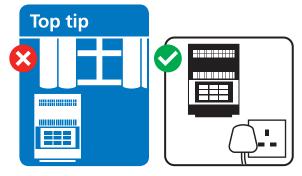


#### **Heating your home**

#### **Using portable heaters**

Keep heaters away from curtains and furniture and never use them for drying clothes.

- Always unplug electric heaters when you go out or go to bed.
- Try to secure heaters against a wall to stop them falling over.
- Only use gas or paraffin heaters in well-ventilated areas. Heaters consume oxygen so you could suffocate if a room is not properly aired.



**Keep away** from fabric

#### **Keeping warm**

#### **Using electric blankets**

Never use hot water bottles in the same bed as an electric blanket, even if the blanket is switched off.

- Unplug blankets before you get into bed, unless they have a thermostat control for safe all-night use.
- Don't leave electric blankets folded as this damages the internal wiring. Store them flat or rolled up instead.
- Test electric blankets every 3 years. Age Concern or your local fire service may be able to do this for you.

- Try not to buy second-hand blankets and check regularly for wear and tear. Replace your blanket when it is more than 10 years old.
- Look out for the following symbols which show a blanket is safe to use.









#### If the electricity fails

#### **Alternative lighting**

Keep a battery operated light or torch handy in the event of a powercut or failure.

- If you have to use candles or matches always take special care. Put them out completely before leaving the room or going to bed.
- Use a snuffer or a spoon to put out candles. It's safer than blowing them out when sparks can fly.
- Make sure candles are secured in a proper holder and away from materials that may catch fire – like curtains.
- Keep a mobile phone handy so you can still make an emergency call if there is a power cut.

# Top tip Keep a torch and batteries handy

### Fire safety for thatched buildings

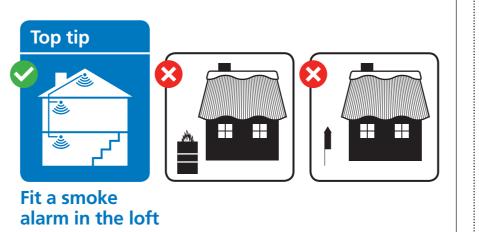
Fit a smoke alarm in the loft and make sure it is connected with other alarms in the house.

 Use lightning conductors that have been tested and check they carry one of these signs – they show they are approved and are safe.



- Don't burn rubbish or garden waste near a thatched property.
- Use a bulkhead light fitting in your loft space, instead of an exposed light bulb, as these are more of a fire hazard.
- Never light fireworks near the property.

Fit TV aerials to freestanding poles to avoid thatched roofs being struck by lightening.



Remember these general tips from our *Fire Safety in the Home* leaflet to stay safe from fire.

Fit smoke alarms on every level of your home.



Test your smoke alarm batteries every week. Change them every year. Never remove them.



Avoid leaving children in the kitchen alone when cooking is on. Keep matches and sauce pan handles out of children's reach.



Take care when cooking with hot oil – it sets alight easily.



Extension leads and adaptors have a limit to how many amps they can take. Be careful not to overload them.



Dispose of cigarettes carefully. Put them out. Right out.



Make sure candles are always secure and away from materials that may catch fire – like curtains.



Plan an escape route and make sure everyone knows it.



If there's a fire, get out, stay out and call 999.



Close inside doors at night to stop fire from spreading.



www.direct.gov.uk/firekills





For more information on general fire safety visit **www.direct.gov.uk/firekills** 

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